# STIMS

# A DEEP DIVE INTO ARUBA'S CLIMATE RISKS





inistry of Transport, Integrity, Nature and Senior Affairs

#### **MEETING AGENDA**

# STINS N



L		

#### Executive Workshop: A deep dive into Aruba's Climate Risks

8.30am - 9.00am	Registration & Light Breakfast
9.00am - 9.15am	Welcome & Opening Remarks by Dr. Ryan Peterson & Minister Ursell Arends
9.15am - 9.30am	<b>Overview of CORVI Aruba</b> by Sally Yozell, Director Environmental Security
9.30am - 9.45am	<b>CORVI Methodology</b> by Tracy Rouleau, Non-Resident Fellow
BREAK	
10.00am - 11.45am	Stakeholder Discussion
11.45am - 12.00pm	<b>Wrap-up &amp; Closing</b> by Sally Yozell, Tracy Rouleau, & Dr. Ryan Peterson
12.00pm	Light Lunch

#### MINISTER URSELL ARENDS

# STIMS



#### SALLY YOZELL DIRECTOR ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY



**NON-RESIDENT FELLOW** 





# Overview of CORVI Aruba Assessment

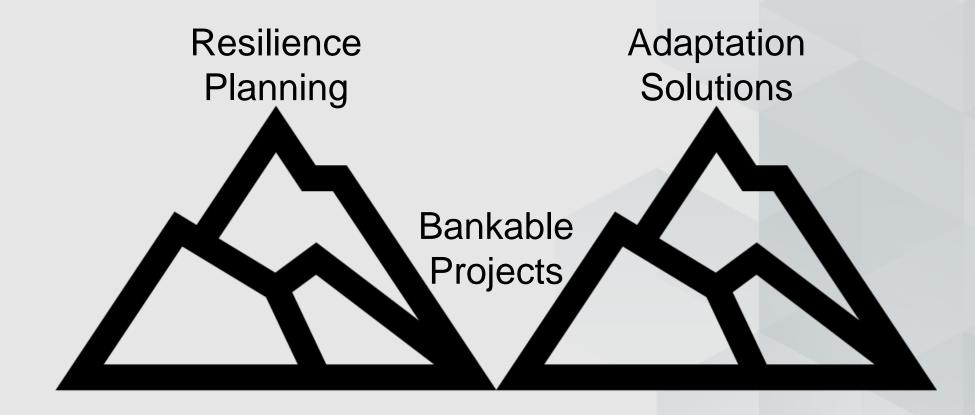
**PRIORITIZING ACTION FOR COASTAL COMMUNITIES** 

# Coastal Communities Exposed to the Climate Crisis



## Bridging the Gap

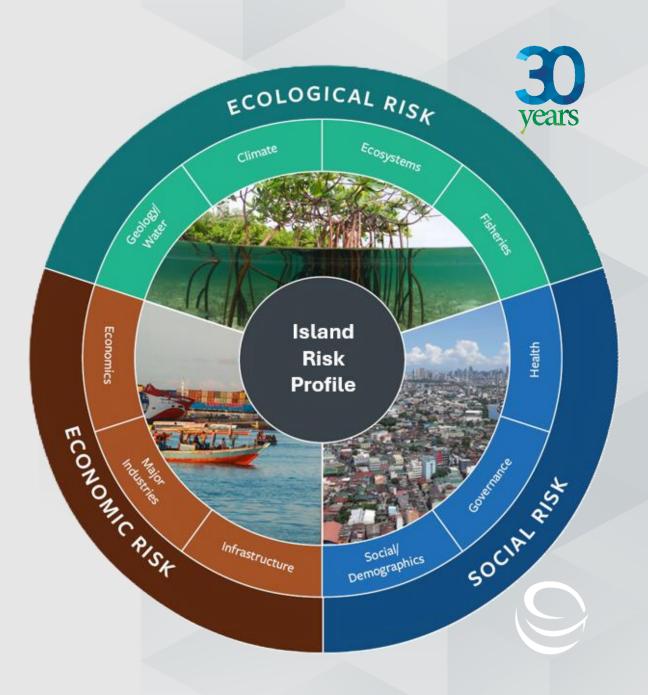






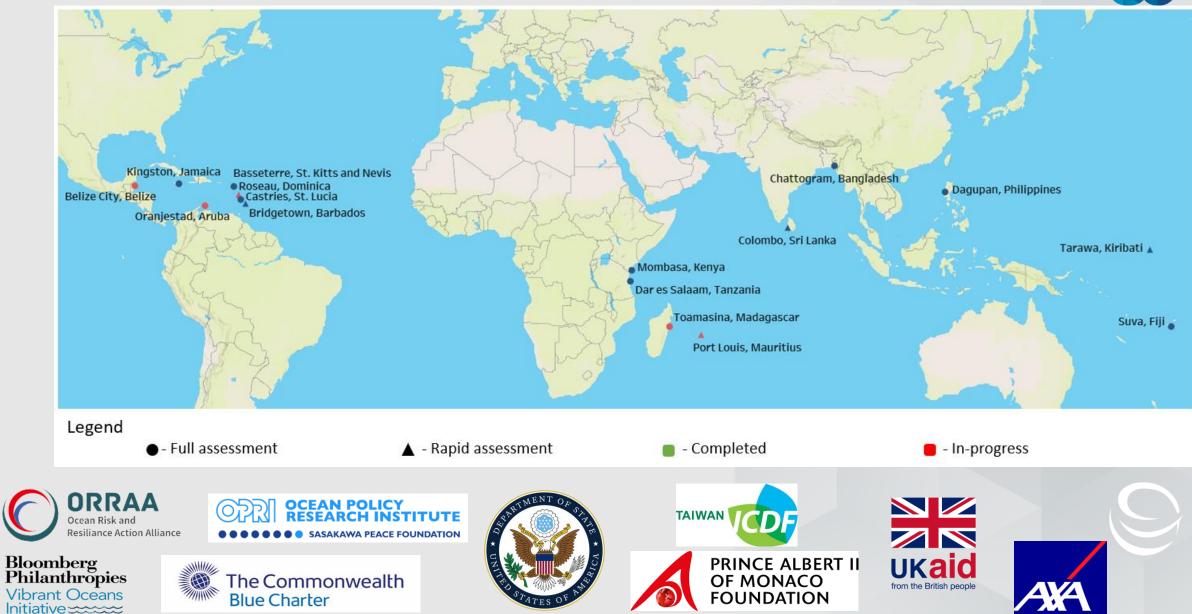
# Introducing CORVI

- Integrates economic, social, and environmental data
- Produce a holistic assessment to assess resilience to climate and ocean risks.
- CORVI is:
  - Three types of risk
  - 10 risk categories
  - Nearly 100 indicators



#### **Coastal Community Assessments**





## How CORVI is Different



Locally-Based: provides subnational level detail on nature and impact of climate and ocean risks

Holistic: looks across broad set of ecological, economic, and social risk factors connected to climate impacts

Data-Driven: using SEJ, CORVI fills data gaps to produce actionable insights in data-sparse environments

## **CORVI Benefits**

#### For Governments

- Local adaptation plans (e.g., Mombasa)
- City master planning and infrastructure development
  - (e.g., Chattogram)
- Inform policymaking (e.g., St. Kitts and Nevis)
- For Local Businesses
  - Understand risks to supply chains and operations
- For International Financial Institutions
  - Inform fiscal planning (e.g., IMF)
  - Integrate climate adaptation into development planning (e.g., World Bank, regional development banks)





# New Health Category



CORVI Indicators			
Access to Healthcare	Mortality rate attributed to non- communicable diseases		
Cases of Infectious Disease Cases	Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene		
Health worker density and distribution	Percent of population at risk of mental health disorders and stress- related disorders		
Mortality attributed to heat	Percent of population experiencing moderate or severe food insecurity		





# **CORVI** Methodology

**PRIORITIZING ACTION FOR COASTAL COMMUNITIES** 

# Coastal Communities Exposed to the Climate Crisis



# Assessing Climate Vulnerability at the Local Level

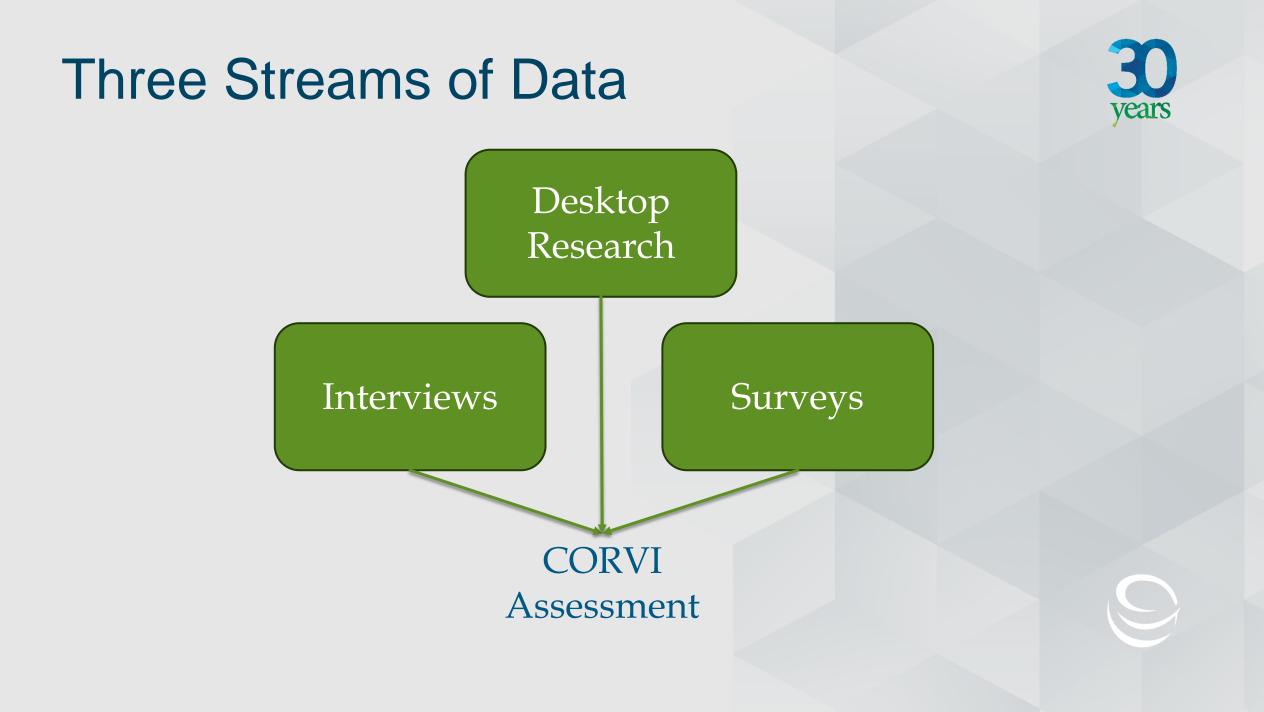


#### $Risk_x = f(Hazard_x, Exposure_x, Vulnerability_x)$

- Granular data on vulnerability to climate change is often not available
- CORVI maps this vulnerability in social, economic, and environmental systems at the locallevel



Tropical cyclone in Havana



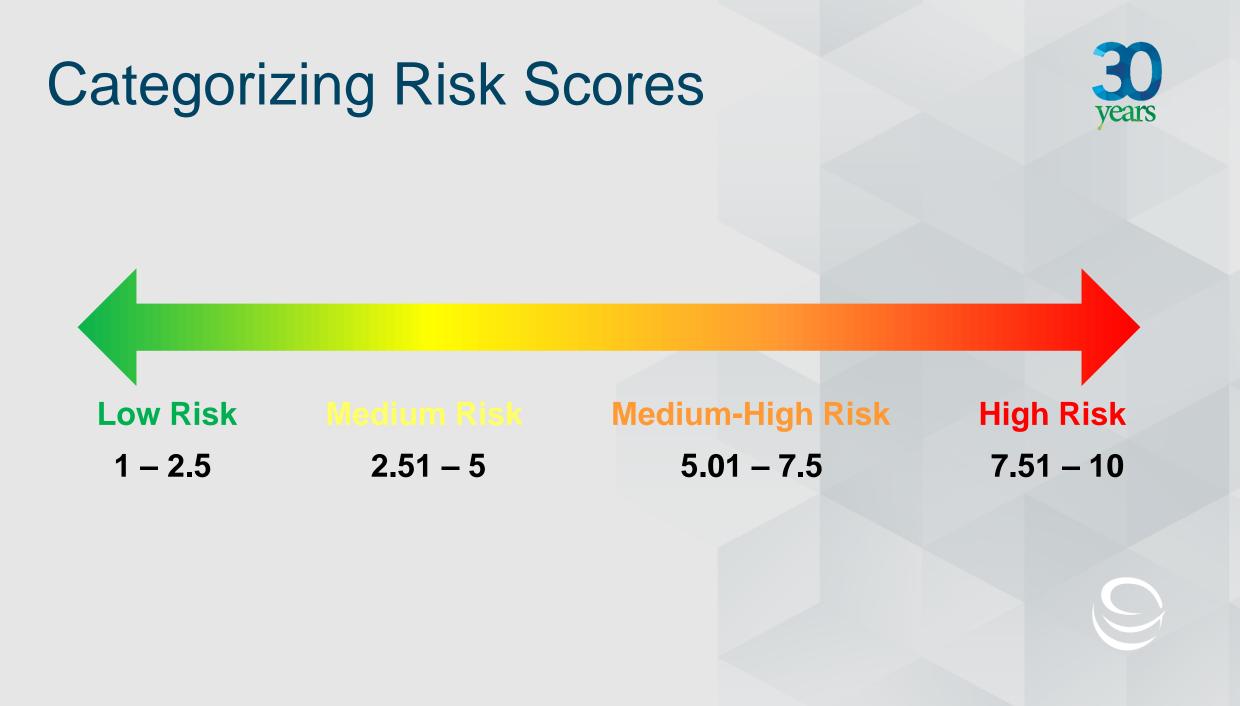
# Overview of In-Country Data Collection



Purpose: To fill gaps in pre-existing datasets, develop indicator scores, provide understanding of vulnerabilities on the ground

Objective: Quantify and contextualize localized risk when existing empirical data is inadequate

Method: Surveys and Semi-Structured Interviews



### **CORVI** Protocol









# Break (15 minutes)





# Discuss Climate Risks and Vulnerabilities in Aruba

PRIORITIZING ACTION FOR COASTAL COMMUNITIES

### Rules of the Game



- Choose a lead facilitator
  - Lead discussion
  - Make sure everyone has a chance to speak
- Choose a note taker
  - Summarize and records conversation
  - Supports lead presenter with note cards
- Choose a lead presenter
  - Provides 3-minute summary of discussion questions



### **Key Discussion Questions**



- Based on what you see in your daily work and experience, what do you see as the greatest risks facing Aruba from climate change?
- Who or what is most vulnerable to these risks? By vulnerable we mean who or what is most likely to be harmed by the impacts of climate change—people, businesses, or parts of the environment that may be particularly sensitive to the impacts (like extreme heat), or have difficulty adapting to the changes.
- What do you know about efforts that are currently underway to reduce or mitigate climate risk in Aruba? What other opportunities are there?





# **Discussion Presentations**

LEAD PRESENTERS 3-MINUTES EACH TABLE





# Wrap-up and Close

**PRIORITIZING ACTION FOR COASTAL COMMUNITIES** 



#### **Contact Information**

#### Dr. Ryan R. Peterson Chair, National Climate Resilience Council (NCRC) climate@ncrc-aruba.org

# THANK YOU!







Ministry of Transport, Integrity, Nature and Senior Affairs